August 3, 1769. NUMB. 2119.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

Meſſieurs HALL and SELLERS,

AN Attempt having been lately made to buy up and export RAW HIDES and CALF-SKINS, I ſend you two Paragraphs of a Law of this Province, paſſed 1721, and which is ſtill in Force. It is true the Law has not been much known; ſome Parts of it, which were found inconvenient, were ſuffered to ſleep, while the Virtue and Public Spirit of the Inhabitants ſerved them inſtead of a Law, and kept them from tranſgreſſing it, in that which is ſo manifeſtly injurious to their Country. But as of late there are found ſome among us ſo ſordidly mean, as to ſacrifice public Intereſt to private Gain, and at this particular Juncture, when every Encouragement ought to be given to Manufacture, to export, for the Sake of ſome trifling Commiſſion, the raw Materials, of which they muſt be convinced there are not more than ſufficient to ſupply the neceſſary Wants of the Inhabitants; I deſire you will publiſh the incloſed, that none may pretend Ignorance. And the Public may be informed, that if any Attempts are made to tranſgreſs this Part of the Law, the Offenders ſhall be proſecuted with the utmoſt Rigour. PHILADELPHIENSIS.

AND be it further enacted, That no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, ſhall buy, or make any Contract for any unwrought Hides or Calf-Skins in the Hair, but only ſuch Perſon or Perſons as uſe the Trade or Myſtery of a Tanner, or ſhall tan or taw the ſame, except ſuch Perſons as ſhall purchaſe them to be tanned for their own private Uſe; or ſhall purchaſe ſalt or raw Hides for any Perſon's private Uſe, or the neceſſary Uſe of Ships or Veſſels going to Sea.

"AND be it further enacted, That it ſhall not be lawful for any Perſon or Perſons to lade, ſhip or carry in any Ship or Veſſel, entering and lading in any Port of this Province, any Leather or raw Hides, with Intent to tranſport or carry the ſame into any Place or Places out of this Province, except ſuch as may be carried to the Province of *New-Jerſey*, and Counties of *New-Caſtle*, *Kent* and *Suſſex*, upon *Delaware*, to be wrought up there, and except Leather imported into this Province; upon Pain of Forfeiture of the ſaid Leather or raw Hides ſo laden and tranſported, and treble the Value thereof to be forfeited by the Owner or Owners thereof: And if no Owner can be found, then the Perſon in whoſe Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion the ſame ſhall be found, to incur the like Penalty of the treble Value as aforeſaid. And the Owner or Owners of the ſaid Ships or Veſſels, knowing of ſuch Offence, and not diſcovering the ſame, ſhall forfeit three Times the Value of the Leather and Hides ſo ſhipped or exported. And the Maſter or Mariners knowing of ſuch Offence, and not diſcovering the ſame, ſhall forfeit the treble Value as aforeſaid, or be impriſoned for any Time, at the Diſcretion of the Juſtices of the Court of Quarter-Seſſions, not exceeding ſix Months, without Bail or Mainprize."

GRODNO, March 22.

THE Nobility, &c. of the Grand Dutchy of Lithuania, have lately publiſhed a Manifeſto, complaining of the Infringement of the Law of Nations by the Ruſſians, and declaring, that as they are attacked in their Honour, abridged of their Liberty, ruined in their Fortunes, and driven from their Houſes, and having no other Reſource than Deſpair, or a glorious Death, they are determined to ſpill the laſt Drop of their Blood, for their religious and civil Liberties, and have accordingly formed a Confederacy under Marſhal Sickanowicko.

Legborn, April 15. An Engliſh Frigate lately landed in Corſica 50,000 Sequins, and a great Quantity of Arms, &c. for the Uſe of Paoli, who is indefatigable in his Diſpoſitions for fighting it out to the laſt Extremity, and above 4000 Eccleſiaſticks have taken Arms in the common Cauſe.

From the Lower Elbe, April 21. The following Advices have been received from Poland. The Confederates of Lenczyck and Gosſtyn, fought for two Days with the Corps of 1500 Ruſſians, commanded by General Apraxin, between Kleezyn and Kutno. The Action was very ſharp, and the Ruſſians were ſo cloſely purſued, that they had no Opportunity to ſend Advice of it to Prince Repnin till after their Defeat. General Apraxin was wounded in this Action, and Prince Gallitzin, Colonel of his Regiment, killed. The Confederates loſt upwards of 400 Men. Mr. Gurowſki, Marſhal of Lithuania, who was going under the Protection of this Ruſſian Corps into Great Poland, with a Commiſſion from Court, was obliged to hide himſelf in the Marſhes, till he could find means to make his Eſcape.

Caſinca, in Corſica, April 5. It having been ſettled by the Aſſembly of the Regency, holden lately in this Place, that the Eccleſiaſticks of this Country ſhould unite and take Arms in the common Cauſe; in order to encourage the People, the Prieſts, far from complaining, have ſent Word to General Paoli, that they are ready to hazard their Lives in Defence of their native Land. Five Hundred of them have ſince formed themſelves into a Corps, and are marched towards Loretto.

Conſtantinople, March 19. The Tartars, who inhabit the Countries near the Caſpian Sea, are preparing to attack the Ruſſian Territories in Aſia. Another Army of Tartars has actually made a new Irruption into their Territories on the Side of Jeliſawelſki, where they carry all before them. In the mean Time, our Preparations here continue with greater Activity and Vigour than ever, and the ſeveral Tradeſmen, who are to attend the Army, are to paſs in Review To-morrow, after which they are immediately to take the Field.

Genoa, April 23. The French Reinforcements that are already arrived in Corſica, conſiſt of 10,000 Men, 3000 Mules, and 1200 Horſes, beſides Ammunition, Proviſions and Forage.

Utrecht, April 28. The Diſturbances between the Turks and Ruſſians, which were expected to have a ſpeedy Termination, are now likely to kindle a Flame in Europe and Aſia, that will not be eaſily extinguiſhed. Notwithſtanding the Reports of intereſted People, the Ruſſians have had no Reaſon to value themſelves upon their Succeſs in Poland. The Tartars, barbarous and undiſciplined as they are, have, by their Irruption into New-Servia, gained Advantages that will not be eaſily over-balanced. That Country is now a perfect Deſart; the Villages are all deſtroyed; the unfortunate Inhabitants ſent up the Country into perpetual Slavery, and the Horſes, Cattle and Sheep, all carried off the Land by the Conquerors. We hear from Conſtantinople, that the Grand Signor is not only upon the Eve of a Rupture with the Court of Denmark, whoſe Miniſter has not yet been received at Court, but that notwithſtanding the good Offices of the French and Engliſh Ambaſſadors, the Reſident of a certain powerful and enterprizing Northern Monarch has been arreſted, and ſent to keep Company with M. Obreſkow, at the Houſe of the Marſhal of the Seven Towers. The People of Dantzick are under great Apprehenſions for that City; however, great Part of their Effects have been tranſmitted to other Countries.

Dantzick, May 10. The Advices received from all Parts of Poland ſpeak of nothing but the horrible Exceſſes committed by the Confederates. A Merchant of this City, who arrived here laſt Week from Bromberg, and who, in order to eſcape the Reſearches of theſe Rebels, had aſſumed the Habit of an Eccleſiaſtick, relates, that at Witkow, a ſmall Town, a few Miles from Bromberg, the Confederates hung up in the Market-place the Burgo-Maſter, and four of the Council; and that on the Road he ſaw a great Number of Perſons hanging upon Trees, murdered, or thrown into Ditches.

LONDON.

May 2. They write from Amſterdam, that the Dutch Merchants have been given to underſtand, that ſuch of their Ships and Cargoes as ſhall hereafter be found deſtined to Corſica for the Uſe of the Malecontents, will be ſeized by the French King's Ships of War.

May 4. We are informed that a Perſon of high Rank, remarkable for his Moderation, when rigorous Meaſures were propoſed Yeſterday in a very reſpectable private Aſſembly, againſt certain popular Meetings, obſerved, that he had Reaſon to think the Spirit of Oppoſition was nearly evaporated; that the Meaſures then propoſed would ſerve only to keep it alive, as ever has been the Caſe when Severity has been uſed againſt Zealots in Politics and Religion.

Another great Perſonage obſerved, that as the principal Members of the popular Meetings were Gentlemen known to be well-affected to the King, he could not ſee what great Danger could ariſe from their Repreſentation of what they conceive to be the weak or wicked Meaſures of Miniſters, ſome of which, he added, the moſt rigid Courtier could not juſtify.

A political Writer poſitively aſſerts in a Morning Paper, that "The C---t of V-----lles, with a wicked Policy, peculiar to their faithleſs Nation, has already embroiled the Eaſt of Europe in War by their Intrigues, and with their Money they have hired ſome Engliſhmen to help to overturn, by Sedition and Noiſe, that Syſtem of Engliſh Liberty, which has ſo long fruſtrated their ambitious Schemes of univerſal Monarchy.

"This Wickedneſs of ſome of our Countrymen is now no Secret at Paris. The French Adminiſtration could not conceal longer a political *Coup* that had ſo compleat an Effect in this Capital. A Deſign to keep up the Attention of our Miniſtry at Home, by exciting Diſturbances here, was full of Policy, when the Court of France were framing the moſt dangerous Alliances abroad. But what was Policy in them, was unpardonable Wickedneſs in our pretended Patriots. I ſhudder with Horror, to think that any of our Countrymen, notwithſtanding the Depravity of our Manners, ſhould be baſe enough to have Liberty in his Mouth, when his Pocket is full of F----h Gold."

May 6. An Evening Paper of laſt Night has the ſubſequent Article.

"The following is an exact Copy of the T--y Summons, ſent "laſt Tueſday, to all the Friends of the M------y. J. W."

"SIR, as it is of the utmoſt Conſequence, that there ſhould "be a full Houſe on Monday next, the 8th Inſtant, when Buſi-"neſs of Importance will come on, the Favour of your Attend-"ance is moſt earneſtly requeſted.

"Tueſday, 2d May."

The Grand Signor lay at the Point of Death, when the laſt Letters were diſpatched from Conſtantinople.

It is ſaid that her Daniſh Majeſty was happily delivered of a Son the Beginning of laſt Month.

A Correſpondent ſays, it has been obſerved of late, that ſome of the principal Members of a certain Body of Men, ſecretly charge each other with growing cool in the Cauſe of Liberty, and impute to each other, behind Backs, the preſent ſinking State of their Affairs. To which this Gentleman adds, "Connections, which have not their Foundation in Virtue, are ſeldom of long Duration."

We are informed, that the trifling Variance between the Parſon and his patriotic Friend is at an End, and that their Friendſhip ſeems to be more firmly cemented than ever.

May 8. We are told, that it is ſtill very doubtful, whether a certain Petition will be preſented. It is certain that many of the moſt reſpectable Freeholders are under great *Apprehenſions*, on Account of having ſubſcribed it; and that it will undergo ſome Alteration before Preſentation, if it ſhould be preſented at all.

The Liſt of Middleſex Freeholders who intend to petition in Favour of Col. Luttrell, is now ſaid to conſiſt of about 350.

Two Sloops of War, the Diamond and Alarm, are diſpatched for the Mediterranean, which cauſes ſome Speculation, as they carry the ſame Orders, leſt one ſhould meet with any Accident or Delay.

We hear that one of the new made Juſtices of the County of Surry, gave an Entertainment to near 30 of his Brethren, at the Three Tuns Tavern in Southwark, on Friday laſt. After Dinner, the Chairman of the Quarter-Seſſions reflected with great Aſperity on the Supporters of the Bill of Rights, and ſaid, "They were *all* a Sett of contemptible Fellows." In Conſequence of which, a certain popular Baronet, who has been Chairman of that Society, immediately demanded an Explanation, and pulled him by the Noſe. This Circumſtance threw the Company into great Diſorder, and, it is ſaid, will be finally ſettled in Weſtminſter-hall.

Letters from Warſaw, April 11, ſay, On Tueſday we were in great Conſternation from a Body of Confederates having advanced within two Leagues of this City, in order to poſſeſs themſelves of a Powder-mill; the Troops of the Republic were ordered to take to their Arms, Guards were poſted at all the Avenues of the City, and Cannon properly placed at the Caſtle, the Guard-houſe, Prince Repnin's Palace, and other principal Houſes. Every Inhabitant is ordered to keep two Tons of Water at leaſt in his Poſſeſſion. It is ſaid that the Soldiers of the Regiment of Schacht, at Petrikaw, when ordered to attack the Confederates, fired upon their Officers, 11 of whom were killed, and moſt of them wounded dangerouſly. There is great Reaſon to fear ſome other Regiments will follow their Example.

Philadelphia, July 29, 1769.

TO BE LETT,

A PART, or the WHOLE, of a very convenient LUMBER YARD, with a good WHARFF, joining Cedar or South-ſtreet. Enquire of JOHN MERTON, near the Premiſes.

DANIEL & GEORGE RUNDLE,

At their ſtores in Water-ſtreet, the eighth door above Market-ſtreet, at the north corner of the alley, have for ſale,

EUROPEAN and EAST INDIA GOODS. Alſo choice Madeira and Teneriffe wines, in pipes, hogſheads, and quarter caſks, Liſbon wine in quarter caſks, Jamaica ſpirits, Weſt-India, Philadelphia, and New-England rum, Muſcovado ſugar, melaſſes in hogſheads and tierces, citron, gum ſeneca, bar iron, copperas, ſheathing paper, German beads, about 60 barrels of turpentine, and a parcel of empty melaſſes hogſheads, &c.

N. B. PHILADELPHIA RUM is made and ſold by Daniel Rundle, at his diſtillery, on the ſouth ſide of Market-ſtreet, above Seventh-ſtreet.

Said DANIEL RUNDLE hath to lett, the houſe in which he lately dwelt, ſituate on the ſouth ſide of Market-ſtreet, above Seventh-ſtreet, being new and commodious, having a long row of back buildings. Alſo a lot in Third-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite St. Paul's Church. And to lett on leaſe, a tract of about 1400 acres of land, in Salem county, Weſt New-Jerſey, about 30 miles from Philadelphia, which may be divided into four ſettlements. And a ſmall tract of land in Mount Bethel townſhip, Northampton county, Pennſylvania. For further particulars, enquire of him, at his houſe, in Water-ſtreet, the eighth door above Market-ſtreet. Tbctf.

Heacock Townſhip, July 20, 1769.

WHEREAS I, the Subſcriber, on the 12th day of June, in the year 1767, then a newcomer, did buy of my relation, Jacob Wolff, of Heacock townſhip, in Bucks county, a certain improvement, for 90 pounds, of which ſum I paid to him in hand 41 pounds, and for the other 49 pounds I gave him 7 bonds, of 7 pounds each, the firſt payable on the 27th day of November, 1768, and ſo every year one; the condition of the bargain being ſuch, that the improvement ought to have contained 90 acres, inſtead of which my ſaid relation has only delivered unto me ſomewhat more than 54 acres; and as, moreover, he cannot give me a good title to the improvement, not to mention ſome other reaſons of complaint I have againſt him, which would do him but little honour before any magiſtrate: I therefore hereby forewarn all perſons from taking an aſſignment on ſaid bonds, as I will not pay them.

§ JOHN MICHAEL GOETZ,

Philadelphia, Auguſt 3, 1769.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

On Monday next, at the houſe of the late Eliſabeth Beakes, deceaſed, the corner of Walnut and Fourth-ſtreet,

ALL her houſhold furniture, conſiſting of feather beds, an 8 day clock, looking glaſſes, kitchen furniture, &c. &c.

All perſons indebted to the eſtate of ſaid Eliſabeth Beakes, by bond, bill, or book debt, are deſired immediately to pay; and thoſe who have demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring them in, properly proved, in order to be ſettled by JOSEPH BEAKES, and EPHRAIM BONHAM, Adminiſtrators. ¶

Cheſter, ſs.

THE retailers of ſpirituous liquors, made exciſeable by an act of Aſſembly of the province of Pennſylvania, are hereby requeſted to pay their ſeveral arrears of duty thereon, next Court of Quarter Seſſions at Cheſter, and make their entries as the law directs. Which ſervice I ſhall attend the firſt three days of the Court, at the houſe of Davis Bevan. All delinquents may expect to be proceeded againſt according to law, without further notice.

¶ CHARLES HUMPHREYS.

Likewiſe any perſon, who hath imported or brought in any Negroe or Mulattoe ſlave, are hereby adverтiſed to make their entries, and give ſecurity for the duty, agreeable to an act of Aſſembly, otherwiſe they need not expect any further indulgence.

Philadelphia, July 27, 1769.

MILL-STONES,

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

At the LONDON COFFEE-HOUSE,

At *ELEVEN* o'Clock in the Forenoon, on *Fourth-Day*, the Sixteenth of the *Eighth Month (Auguſt)*

TWO Pair of very good BURRS, 4 Feet 3 Inches, and 4 Feet 4 Inches over, for which Three Months Credit will be allowed, giving Security, if required.---They now lie at *Dickenſon's* Burnt Buildings in *Front-ſtreet*, a little below *Walnut-ſtreet*, where they may be viewed at any Time before the Sale.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, Electors for the County of Cheſter,

GENTLEMEN,

WHEN I reflect on the Honour done, and Confidence placed in me, by the Freemen of this County, for a Number of Years paſt, it affords me Matter of Joy, and emboldens me at this Time to offer myſelf a Candidate for the Sheriff's Office; for which Purpoſe I humbly requeſt the Favour of your Votes and Intereſt at the enſuing Election, which Kindneſs, GENTLEMEN, ſhall be gratefully acknowledged, and kept in Remembrance, by *Your aſſured Friend,*

§ RICHARD BAKER.

THE creditors of WILLIAM BROWNE, late of Woolwich, in the county of Gloucester, are deſired to meet the Subſcribers, at the houſe of Thomas James, innkeeper, in Woolwich aforeſaid, on Monday next, the 7th of this inſtant Auguſt, to receive a dividend of his eſtate; and to bring in their accounts, properly atteſted, or they will be excluded the firſt dividend. SAMUEL BILES, JOHN HINCKMAN, SAMUEL BLACKWOOD.

WHEREAS John Campbell, of Fort Ligonier, in the county of Cumberland, merchant, did perfect unto Chriſtopher Lems, of Bedford, Eſq; two bonds, bearing date the 24th day of April, 1769; one bond for the ſum of Twenty Five Pounds, payable in three months after the date; the other bond for the ſum of Twenty Five Pounds, payable in 6 or 9 months after the date:---This therefore is to caution the public againſt taking any aſſignments of the ſaid bonds, or receiving the ſame as payment of any debt due by ſaid Lems, as the ſame were fraudulently obtained, and as ſaid Campbell has never received any conſideration for the ſaid two bonds, or either of them, and will diſpute the payment of the ſame, until compelled by due courſe of law. Dated this 22d of July, 1769.

JOHN CAMPBELL.

[*For more new Advertiſements, ſee the Fourth Page.*]

LONDON, May 9.

IT was reported on Saturday Evening, that private Letters from Dantzick brought an Account of the Confederates having made an Attempt upon the City of Warſaw, but that tho' that Metropolis was very unable to make a Defence, they had been repulſed with great Loſs, by the Bravery of Prince Repnin, and ſome of the Ruſſian Commanders.

On Friday laſt his Excellency the Ruſſian Ambaſſador received, by Expreſs, the important News of her Imperial Majeſty the Czarina's Forces having made themſelves Maſters of Aſoph.

The Rumour of the King of Pruſſia's having marched a large Body of Troops into the Electorate of Hanover, in order to invade it, is premature, if not entirely groundleſs. It is true, that Monarch has marched ſome of his Forces into Eaſt-Frieſland, to take Poſſeſſion of certain Diſtricts in that Province, ceded to him by the Dutch on the late Marriage of his Serene Highneſs the Prince Stadtholder, with one of the Daughters of her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs of Pruſſia.

There is juſt arrived in London a Portrait of the illuſtrious Chief Paoli, painted for Mr. Boſwell of Auchinleck. Mr. Boſwell ſent for this Purpoſe to Corſica laſt Summer Mr. BAMBRIDGE, a young American Artiſt, who had finiſhed his Studies in Italy, and, amidſt all the Fatigues and Dangers of War, his Excellency was pleaſed to ſit, to indulge the earneſt Deſire of his ever zealous Friend. When the Picture was brought to Leghorn, all who had ſeen the General, thought it a ſtriking Likeneſs. The Grand Duke of Tuſcany expreſſed a Deſire to ſee it, upon which it was ſent to Florence, where it was much admired by the Grand Duke, Dutcheſs, and all the Court. It is a whole Length as large as Life; the Canvas about 7 Feet by 5. The Painter has taken great Pains, and has finiſhed the Face in a very maſterly Manner.

Three Thouſand Pounds have been tranſmitted to Gen. Paoli by Mr. Alderman Beckford, Mr. Alderman Trecothick, and Samuel Vaughan, Eſq; which Sum has been raiſed by Subſcription, for the Relief of a Number of diſtreſſed Families in Corſica, who are driven from their Houſes, and deprived of their Property, by the Invaſion of an unprovoked Enemy.

May 11. Yeſterday Afternoon Capt. Allen was diſcharged out of Newgate, on Account of an End being put to the Seſſion of Parliament; the Captain went away in a Coach, and ſeveral Gentlemen of Fortune and Diſtinction attended him in their Coaches.

The Report of Mr. Horne being bought off, we are informed, is without the leaſt Foundation; and that all Attempts which have been made to ſuborn him, have proved ineffectual, he having declared no Emolument whatever ſhall induce him to act the Part of a falſe Friend.

For above theſe three Weeks paſt the Rev. Mr Whitefield hath been preaching to large Auditories at Bath, Briſtol, Kingſwood, Chippenham, Bradford and Froom, and we hear, he propoſes to do the ſame in other Parts of Wiltſhire and Glouceſterſhire, before he returns to London.

May 12. When the laſt Accounts came from Poland, they had Advice that the Grand Vizir was in March with his Army from Adrianople.

The Hoſpodar of Moldavia, not thinking himſelf in Safety at Jaſſy, has quitted that Capital, in order to be ſecure againſt the Incurſions of the Ruſſians.

May 13. It has been remarked, that a certain great Lawyer, when ſpeaking ſome Time ago in the Houſe of Commons concerning a Reſolution of that Houſe reſpecting General Warrants, ſaid, that "he valued the Reſolution of the H---e of C-----s no more than that of a drunken Porter." And yet this ſame Gentleman (it is reported) declared in a late ſolemn Debate, "that the Reſolution of the H. of C. is equal to the Law of the Land, and that conſtitutionally, and conſiſtently, the *Elected* may become the *Electors*, whenever a Majority of them may think proper."

It was obſerved by a Member of a certain Aſſembly, on a late Debate, "That Law in *Air* ſeemed to differ from the Law of the *Land*."

The Conduct of a North Britiſh Counſellor on an important Occaſion, is ſpoken of in all Companies, not only with Commendation, but the higheſt Admiration, as he has given a moſt ſtriking Proof of his inflexible Integrity and manly Spirit by his late Seceſſion, unexampled with Reſpect to the Cauſe.

The now reigning Toaſt is, "Counſellor Wedderburn, the Ornament of his Country and his Profeſſion."

May 19. Some Diſſatisfaction having ariſen on Account of the Middleſex Petition not being preſented, it may not be amiſs to obſerve, that it was judged highly imprudent to preſent it while the Parliament was ſitting, as it would conſequently have been referred to them before an Anſwer could be given. Since which the Delay has been encreaſed by the Royal Family removing to Richmond.

The ſecular Prieſts of Corſica, who have taken Arms, form a Corps of 500 Men, and the Regulars are charged with the Defence of their Convent.

Extract of a Letter from Paris, May 10.

"No Government ever ſhewed ſtronger Symptoms of a more convulſed State than France does at this Period; the critical Moment is arrived, and the Power of this Government is at its laſt Gaſp; another Month determines its Fate, fixes its Greatneſs for ever, or, will render the Kingdom of France trifling and contemptible: The Court are Deiſts, the Parliaments of France Janſenits, the Army and People zealous Catholicks; the Miniſter of France, ſenſible the Revenue of the Kingdom is unable another Year to ſupport the Dignity of its Monarch: The Change of the Army, the Expences of the Marine, and the civil Branches of Government, has planned a Reformation; and, conſequently, the Seiſure of the whole Eccleſiaſtical Revenue. Such a vaſt Accumulation of Riches, and ſuch an Addition of uſeful Subjects, by the total Suppreſſion of the Religious Orders, will give France more real Greatneſs and Power, than the moſt ſucceſsful War. The Army, who are found Catholicks, are the greateſt Obſtacle. The Fineſſe of Corſica, of garriſoning Genoa, of aſſiſting Spain, and the Embarkation for Sweden, are to employ many Battalions, it is ſaid, Ninety. The Swiſs and German Troops, in the Pay of France, are to be encamped not far from Paris, to be reviewed by the King; but, in Fact, to awe the Capital. The Time of the Conclave renders it impoſſible for the Papal Power immediately to interfere; the Jeſuits remain then the only Obſtacle; they are to be bribed by being reſtored to their Poſſeſſions in Spain and Portugal, ſwearing Allegiance to the Miniſter of France.

"Louis the XVth is to ſurpriſe the Parliament of Paris, by a ſudden Declaration that all Religious Orders are inſtantly ſuppreſſed, the Office of Farmer General annihilated, and the Tax upon Salt remitted to his beloved Subjects; that a Tenth of the Eccleſiaſtical Revenue is to be granted to the collegiate Churches, another Tenth to the public Schools and Hoſpitals; the Remainder to the Relief of the Subject, and Maintenance of the aged Perſons of the different Orders. Louis is then to be declared the Patron of the Gallican Church, and the Saviour of France."

BOSTON, July 24.

We are aſſured, from undoubted Authority, That the Adminiſtration is well diſpoſed to relieve the Colonies againſt all real Grievances ariſing from the late Acts of the Revenue: And tho' the preſent Miniſters have concurred in the Opinion of the whole Legiſlature, that no Meaſure ought to be taken which can derogate from the Legiſlative Authority of Great-Britain over the Colonies, yet they have declared, that they have at no Time entertained a Deſign to propoſe any further Taxes upon America, for the Purpoſe of raiſing a Revenue, and that it is their Intention to propoſe, in the next Seſſion of Parliament, to take off the Duties upon Glaſs, Paper, and Colours, upon Conſideration of ſuch Duties being contrary to the true Principles of Commerce.

Extract of a Letter from a Peer of the firſt Blood in Britain, to his Friend in North-America, dated April 13.

"I have not been an unfeeling Spectator of your Diſtreſſes, or of the common Calamities of your native Country; but as Tully writes, being neither able to bear the Manners of the Princes, or of the People, I have thought fit, under the Shelter of the greateſt Examples, to retire from civil Broils, to my little paternal Inheritance.----

"If I had thought that my mingling any longer in the political Croud could have done any Service to my Country, I would not have adopted a Plan of domeſtic, ſtudious, or rural Retirement. But as Things are now ſituated, I think myſelf happy in my ſilent Retreat from the unhappy Diſſenſions of a too much convulſed and corrupted Commonwealth.

"From this virtuous and contemplative Retirement, I will never conſent to withdraw myſelf, whilſt I ſee Things in the Light I now do: Should any critical Events happen to reſtore the loſt Manners of the Britiſh Empire, and to open the Channel for the Exerciſe of any little Talents of which I may be poſſeſſed, for the Good of my Country, no one will come forth with greater Pleaſure or Alacrity than myſelf: Penetrated as I have been, from my tendereſt Youth, with the higheſt Sentiments of Truth, Honour, and righteouſneſs of Action, I rejoice in writing with Sincerity ſuch a Letter to ſuch a Man, and even in my ſecret Hours of Meditation, or in the more animated Intercourſes of my little Society, I ſhall often wiſh and pray for the Accompliſhment of thoſe happy Changes, for which you breathe, and have often breathed, your benevolent Deſire.

"Farewel, Sir, be of good Courage, and remember that even in theſe laſt Times, you had the Comfort to receive ſuch Praiſes, and ſuch ſimpathetic Expreſſions of Emotion, from the deſpiſed Remnant of a deſpiſed and unfortunate, yet a bold and generous Race of Patriots. Tell Mr. Cuſhing, and thoſe other Gentlemen, whoſe regards I poſſeſs and value, that I remember them with Honour, and with Pleaſure; tell them, tell all who deſerve to be told ſo, that there is a Peer in Britain, who is a true Friend to injured Innocence, and to America; one who loves Liberty, and virtuous Exertions, for their own Sakes, and not for the popular Applauſes which often accompany them. That he withdraws himſelf from his Reward, and is preparing himſelf diligently for a better Country.

"I am, with high Conſideration and Eſteem, Sir, your obedient humble Servant, ------."

Meſſieurs EDES and GILL,

The following is a true Copy of the dutiful and loyal Petition of the Town of Boſton, *the Metropolis of the Province of* Maſſachuſetts-Bay, *to the King's moſt excellent Majeſty; which paſſed,* Nemine Contradicente, *at an annual Meeting of the ſaid Town, legally called and held in* March *laſt, and by their Order was ſigned by the Moderator, and tranſmitted to the Honourable* ISAAC BARRE, *Eſq; in* London, *to be preſented by him to his Majeſty as ſoon as might be.*

To the KING's moſt excellent MAJESTY.

Moſt Gracious SOVEREIGN,

WE your Majeſty's loyal Subjects, the Freeholders and Inhabitants of the Town of Boſton, the Capital of your Province of Maſſachuſetts-Bay, being legally aſſembled in Town-Meeting, beg Leave to approach your Majeſty, and humbly implore your Royal Attention, while we bring our Complaints to the Throne, where your aggrieved Subjects cannot fail of Redreſs.

It is our Conſolation, amidſt all our Sufferings, that the Britiſh Throne is filled with a Sovereign, adorned with every princely Virtue; whoſe Royal Ear is ever attentive to the humble Petitions of the remoteſt of his Subjects. And we beſeech your Majeſty to indulge us at this Time in a particular Addreſs, as our Circumſtances are rendered peculiarly perplexed and diſtreſſing.

Nothing could have more affected us with Grief and Anxiety, than to perceive the Concern which your Majeſty has expreſſed, that a Spirit of Faction had broke out in ſome of your American Colonies; and that the Capital Town in one of them, had been repreſented to your Majeſty, as being in a State of Diſobedience to all Law and Government: But when it appeared that ſuch Advices had been laid before your Majeſty's Miniſters, as to induce the Houſe of Lords expreſly to reſolve, That *the Town of Boſton* had been in a State of Diſorder and Confuſion for ſome Time paſt, we were ſtruck with Aſtoniſhment as well as Grief.

We deeply lament, that Diſorders have taken Place in any Part of your Majeſty's Dominions: But ſuch is the Imperfection of all human Affairs, that theſe will be found, even in the beſt regulated Societies, and under the happieſt Government.----Your Majeſty, in your great Wiſdom and Clemency, will make favourable Allowances for any Errors and Faults, that are not inconſiſtent with ſettled Principles of Loyalty, and due Obedience to Government.-----With the ſtricteſt Truth we can aſſure your Majeſty, that none of your Subjects of this Town can be juſtly charged with Diſaffection to your Royal Perſon, Family or Government, or even a Diſpoſition to oppoſe the due Reſtraints of Law, and conſtitutional Authority. Permit us, with the warmeſt Affection and Duty, to aſſure your Majeſty, that the only Inſtance that could bear a Repreſentation of Diſorder and Confuſion in this Town within the Year paſt, was, in a great Meaſure, occaſioned by the Miſconduct of ſome of your Majeſty's Servants here; who, by exerciſing a Power not warranted by the Acts of Parliament, or beyond their Directions, had irritated the Minds of ſome Individuals of your Majeſty's Subjects, and excited them to ſuch Proceedings as we cannot pretend to juſtify: But this Diſorder was immediately diſcountenanced by the Body of the Inhabitants, and very ſoon ſuppreſſed. Your Majeſty's Council, however, met upon the Occaſion, and appointed a Committee of their own Body, conſiſting of ſuch Members as bore Commiſſions for the Peace in the County, to enquire into the Diſorder, and bring the Offenders to Puniſhment: But your Majeſty's Governor thought proper afterwards not to encourage this Proceſs, preferring, as we are informed, another Method of Procedure. Accordingly we find by the printed Votes of the Houſe of Commons, Minutes of Depoſitions, relating to this Affair, tranſmitted by the Governor to your Majeſty's Secretary of State, which have operated to the great Diſadvantage of this Town, while, after our careful Enquiry, we have not to this Moment the full Knowledge of what they contain, nor of the Magiſtrate before whom they were taken: And yet we have Reaſon to fear, that from the Proceſs of civil Juſtice thus laid aſide, Occaſion has been taken, to form a Repreſentation to your Majeſty's Miniſters, not only that illegal Acts had been committed by ſome Individuals among us, but that the Inhabitants in general were in *a State* of Oppugnation to all Law and Government.----With all Submiſſion to your Majeſty, but with a Confidence which will ever accompany Innocence and Truth, we can declare, That the Courſe of Juſtice has never been interrupted in any of your Majeſty's Courts, nor even before a ſingle Magiſtrate: Nor can an Inſtance be produced of ſo much as an Attempt to reſcue any Criminal out of the Hand of Juſtice: And though ſome of the Cuſtom-Houſe Officers may have been treated ill, occaſioned by ſome imprudent and unprecedented Conduct on their Part; yet the Payment of the Duties required by thoſe Acts of Parliament, which are complained of by your Majeſty's American Subjects as grievous to them, has never been interrupted here: And there has been a Diſpoſition among all your Majeſty's Subjects of this Town, orderly and dutifully to wait for that Relief, which we ſtill hope for from your Majeſty's Wiſdom and Clemency, and the Juſtice of your Parliament. We therefore beg Leave humbly to ſubmit to your Majeſty, whether thoſe Repreſentations muſt not have been greatly exaggerated, and injurious to your faithful Subjects, which have induced the Lords to reſolve, That *the State* of the Town of Boſton has been Diſorder and Confuſion.

Your Majeſty will be graciouſly pleaſed further to indulge us, in expreſſing our deep Concern, that the *public* Tranſactions of the Town, have been repreſented to Adminiſtration in ſuch a Light, as to incur the Cenſure of the Lords, and we ſtill fear an unſpeakably greater Misfortune, your Majeſty's Diſpleaſure. Far be it from us to bring upon ourſelves, by our own Conduct, the Diſpleaſure of our gracious Sovereign, to whom we have ever borne, and do ſtill bear true and faithful Allegiance. Unfortunately for the Inhabitants of this Town, their public Conduct has been arraigned as undutiful, diſaffected, and even rebellious: Under this Apprehenſion, the Selectmen of the Town thought it their Duty, reſpectfully to wait on your Majeſty's Governor of this Province; and prayed that he would communicate to them an Account of *Facts*, as he had ſtated them ſince the Commencement of the laſt Year; that the Town having a clear and preciſe Underſtanding of ſuch Matters as might appear to have been alledged againſt it, might be able to make its own Defence. They alſo prayed that the Governor would condeſcend ſo far, as to point out to the Town, in what Reſpects he apprehended its public Tranſactions might appear to have militated with any Law, or the Britiſh Conſtitution; that the Town might either retract its Error, or vindicate its own Conduct: But the Governor did not think proper to grant their Requeſt.---Thus your Majeſty's aggrieved Subjects have been kept in total Ignorance of ſuch Repreſentations as have been made againſt them, even until they have felt their unhappy Effects. For it has been judged proper, that your Majeſty's Troops ſhould be ordered here, and ſtationed in the Body of the Town, contrary, as we humbly apprehend, to the Manner preſcribed in the Act of Parliament made for the Proviſion of Quarters for your Majeſty's Troops in America, upon a Repreſentation of their Neceſſity to aid the civil Authority, and preſerve the Peace: While, as we humbly conceive, all who have had an Opportunity of nearly obſerving our Behaviour with an unprejudiced Eye, will allow, that your Majeſty's Subjects of this Town are, and have been as orderly and peaceable, as ſubmiſſive to Law and juſt Authority, and as truly loyal to their Sovereign, as any Subjects in your Majeſty's extended Empire.---We therefore, with Hearts full of Affection and Duty, and with the warmeſt Attachment to our conſtitutional Rights, Liberties and Privileges, moſt humbly beſeech your Majeſty to allow us to declare, that thoſe Accounts are ill grounded, which may have repreſented us as held to our Allegiance and Duty to the beſt of Sovereigns, only by the Band of Terror, and the Force of Arms. We cannot therefore forbear moſt ardently to ſupplicate your Majeſty, to remove from the Town a military Power. A Power, which the ſtricteſt Truth will warrant us to declare is unneceſſary for the Support of civil Authority among us; for which we have the public Teſtimony of your Majeſty's Council. A Power, which your Subjects cannot but conſider as unfavourable to Commerce, deſtructive to Morals, dangerous to Law, and tending to overthrow the civil Conſtitution, more eſpecially at ſo great a Diſtance from the Throne.

We fly to the Clemency and Juſtice of our Sovereign and common Father, from the Diſtreſſes brought upon us, through the Miſapprehenſions of our diſtant Fellow Subjects, founded, as we conceive, on groundleſs Reports, and the falſe Accuſations of ſome of your Majeſty's principal Servants here. And we intreat that your Majeſty would be graciouſly pleaſed to give Orders that the Town may be favoured with Governor Bernard's Letters, the Memorials of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms here, and other Papers, which muſt ſo deeply affect their moſt important Intereſts: That they may have the Juſtice of being heard upon Notice by Council, upon any Matters of Charge that may have been brought againſt them; and of laying before your Majeſty, and the whole Nation, what they may have to offer in their own Vindication.---If ſuch an Opportunity might be allowed them, they doubt not being able to make their Innocence appear to the Satisfaction of their Sovereign, and the Shame of their Accuſers.

Your Majeſty poſſeſſes a Glory ſuperior to that of any Monarch upon Earth---The Glory of being at the Head of the happieſt civil Conſtitution in the World; and under which human Nature appears with the greateſt Advantage and Dignity.-----The Glory of reigning over a *free People*, and of being enthroned in the Hearts of your Subjects. Your Majeſty therefore, we are ſure, will frown not upon thoſe who have the warmeſt Attachment to this Conſtitution, and to their Sovereign; but upon ſuch as ſhall be found to have attempted, by their Miſrepreſentations, to diminiſh the Bleſſings of your Majeſty's Reign, in the remoteſt Parts of your Dominions.

Your Majeſty's faithful and loyal Subjects, the Freeholders and Inhabitants of ſaid Town, as in Duty bound, ſhall ever pray, &c.

To the Printer of the NEWPORT MERCURY.

The following is ſaid to be the State of the Affair relative to the Sloop Liberty, and the Brig and Sloop brought in here laſt Monday; which you are requeſted to inſert in your Mercury, leſt this Tranſaction ſhould be miſrepreſented to Adminiſtration.

LAST Monday Morning, the 17th Inſtant, the armed Sloop Liberty, commanded by Captain William Reid, arrived here, and brought in a Brig and a Sloop, belonging to Connecticut, taken in the Sound, without this Colony, on Suſpicion of the Brig's having done ſome illicit Act, and that the Sloop had contraband Goods on board; but as no Proof appeared againſt the Brig, ſhe reported her Cargoe at the Cuſtom-houſe here;---and on Wedneſday, no Proſecution having been entered againſt either of them, Captain Packwood went on board his Brig, in order to get his Sword, and ſome neceſſary Apparel, which the commanding Officer on board (one of the Liberty's Men) refuſed to let him bring away, and, it is ſaid, offered him Violence; which reduced Captain Packwood to the Neceſſity of drawing his Sword, to force his Way into his Boat, whereupon the Officer called to the Liberty's People to fire on Captain Packwood, as he was going aſhore, which they did, and a Brace of Balls, it is ſuppoſed, went very near, but did not hurt him; they then attempted to fire ſeveral more Guns upon him, which happily all ſnapped or flaſhed, and could not be diſcharged.

"This Attempt of Violence by the Liberty's People, whoſe Commander had never condeſcended to exhibit his Commiſſion to the Governor of this Colony, ſo enraged a Number of Perſons, that, the enſuing Evening, having met Captain Reid on the Long Wharff, they obliged him to ſend for his Men on Shore, in order to diſcover the Man who firſt fired at Captain Packwood; upon which Captain Reid ſent for all his Hands, except his Mate; afterwards a Number of Perſons, unknown, went on board the Liberty, ſent the Mate away, cut her Cables, and let her drive aſhore at the Point, where they cut away her Maſt, ſcuttled her, and carried both her Boats to the upper Part of the Town, and burnt them.---While this Affair was tranſacting, the Sloop ſuſpected of having contraband Goods on board, made her Eſcape; and the Brig has ſince received her Papers, and ſailed laſt Friday."

Newport, July 22.

NEW-YORK, July 31.

Saturday laſt the Supreme Court ended here, when John Henneſey, for Felony and Sacrilege, in ſtealing the Sattin Covering of the Cuſhions of St. Paul's, in this City; and John Jubeart, on two Indictments, for paſſing Counterfeit Dollars, knowing them to be ſuch, were found guilty, received Sentence of Death, and are to be executed the 23d of Auguſt.

Extract of a Letter from London, dated May 25.

"You will, I ſuppoſe, from your Governor, be informed of the Reſolution of the King and Council, to repeal the Acts you complain of the next Seſſions; the American Committee refuſed to convey the Intelligence to America; a Reſolution I ſtrenuouſly ſupported: It appears to me rather extraordinary, that Miniſters ſhould publicly venture to anſwer for the Reſolutions of Parliament; but it is of a Piece with the whole of their Conduct, which has been moſt extraordinary; it ſeems, however, to ſhew you, they are heartily ſick of the Diſpute, and will tend to preſerve Peace and Tranquility amongſt you. Will it be likewiſe ſufficient to induce you to cancel your Reſolutions? Reſcind, I think, is the Word, if you do, you are---------and we ſhall ſoon know what you are made of."

PHILADELPHIA, Auguſt 3.

Extract of a Letter from London, May 3, 1769.

"Philadelphia ſhines here at preſent.----Mr. WEST has juſt finiſhed a large Picture for the King (the Subject is the Return of Regulus) which is vaſtly admired---And Mr. COOMBE is in great Vogue as a Preacher; for Inſtance, he is now preengaged to preach no leſs than ſix Charity Sermons for ſo many different Pariſhes."

On Tueſday laſt, at a Meeting of the Truſtees of the College of Philadelphia, Dr. BENJAMIN RUSH, of this City, was unanimouſly elected Profeſſor of CHEMISTRY.

Laſt Saturday Morning the Brig Speedwell, Captain Strickland,

arrived here from Liverpool, which Place she left the 25th of May. It being reported she had dry Goods on board for several Merchants, contrary to the Agreement of Non-importation, the Committee immediately met, when, by the Manifest of the Cargoe, which was laid before them, as well as by the Report of the Committee of Inspection, it appeared that besides the enumerated Articles, as Coals, Sail Duck, &c. there were very few Goods on board, and these chiefly the Remains of Orders, that had been forwarded to the inland Parts of Great-Britain last Summer and Fall, and provided and sent to Liverpool before the countermanding Orders got to hand: But, as they were shipped contrary to the Letter of the Agreement, the Gentlemen to whom they belonged, readily agreed to put them into a public Store, there to lie till the Acts against America are repealed.

We are assured (and it is with Pleasure we communicate the Intelligence to the Public) that an Academy will be shortly erected in the flourishing, pleasant and healthy Town of Reading, on Schuylkill, for which a very valuable Library is already provided. A Seminary of Learning at that Place, under proper Regulations, will undoubtedly be productive of the most important Advantages, and will reflect lasting Credit on its Patrons and Encouragers.

Captain Weekes, from Lisbon, on the 13th ult. in Lat. 36, Long. 62, spoke a Ship from Charlestown for London, 9 Days out; on the 18th in Lat. 36:8, Long. 65:21, spoke a Snow; 20th, Lat. 37:36, Long. 67:49, spoke a Brig, both from Jamaica for Liverpool, and both 24 Days out; and on the 23d, in Lat. 38:9, Long. 70:30, he spoke the Ship Hercules, Captain Scott, from this Port for Liverpool, 4 Days out, all well in each Vessel.

Captain Vallance, from Surrinam, on the 25th of July, in Lat. 35:20, Long. 73, spoke a Snow from Virginia for Glasgow, 3 Days out, all well.

Captain M'Cutchon, from Belfast, on the 12th of June, in Lat. 48, Long. 22, spoke a Brig, Captain Whiteside, from Galway for Boston, 8 Days out; 29th, in Lat. 41, Long. 45:23, spoke a Brig from Dominica for Liverpool, 24 Days out; on the 10th of July, in Lat. 38:9, Long. 60:32, spoke a Ship from Jamaica for Bristol, 33 Days out; 14th, in Lat. 39, Long. 66:40, spoke a Schooner, Captain Jones, from Casco-Bay for Antigua, 5 Days out; 19th, in Lat. 38:39, Long. 73, spoke a Ship, Captain Morrow, from Virginia for Glasgow, 4 Days out; and on the 21st, in Lat. 38:17, Long. 73:30, he spoke a Brig from New-York for Jamaica, 3 Days out, all well in each.

Captain Martin, from Jamaica, on the 11th of last Month, spoke a Schooner from Savanna; and the next Day, off Cape Nichola, he spoke another Schooner, from Charlestown, both bound for Jamaica.

Captain White, from Lisbon, on the 7th ult. in Lat. 33:20, Long. 56:30, spoke the Brig Jenny, Captain Ewing, of and for Glasgow from Antigua, 15 Days out; 17th, in Lat. 34, Long. 63:30, spoke the Sloop Dolphin, Captain Ventries, from New-Haven, and the Schooner Neptune, from New-London, both for the Grenades, and 10 Days out; there were 8 or 10 Sail in Sight, all from New-England; 19th in Lat. 36, Long. 66, spoke the Ship Sally, Captain M'Carty, from Jamaica for Liverpool; 22d, in Lat. 36:30, Long. 69, spoke the Ship Isabella, Captain Moore, from Jamaica for London; and on the 25th, in Lat. 37:30, Long. 71, he spoke the Snow Albany, Captain Tucker, from Virginia for Glasgow, 4 Days out, all well.

Yesterday the Merchants and Traders of this City met at the Coffee-House, to re-consider that Part of their Agreement relating to Goods sent from Great-Britain on Consignment, to be sold here; and to determine what should be done with them, whether they were to be stored as other Goods, or to be sent back; and farther to consider what was to be done with Goods ordered after the Agreement; when it was

Unanimously Resolved, That the Committee shall not be at Liberty to receive and store any Goods, consigned after the Agreement of the Merchants and Traders here, not to import, was known in *Great-Britain*, nor such as were ordered after the Sixth of *February* last.

Unanimously Resolved, That if any Person shall receive Goods, consigned from *Great-Britain*, and shipped after the Agreement of the Merchants and Traders here not to import, was generally known there, or who shall assist in landing, storing or selling them; and every Person who has ordered, or shall order Goods from *Great-Britain*, after the Sixth of *February*, unless with a Condition, not to ship them, until the late Revenue Acts against *America* are repealed, shall be deemed an Enemy to the Liberties of *America*, and the Printers shall be justified in publishing his Name.

We hear that JOHN HUGHES, Esq; is appointed Collector of his Majesty's Customs for the Port of Piscataqua, in New-England.

On Monday Night last Mr. Andrew Rambo, Ship-Carpenter, of this City, got up in his Sleep (at the Middle Ferry, on Schuylkill, where he had been at Work) went to the Window, and fell out, when he was so much hurt, that he expired in a few Minutes.

A R R I V A L S.

At Jamaica. *Captains Robinson, and Forster, from Philadelphia; and Captain Robinson, from Wilmington.*

Captain Lee, in a Brig from Salem, New-England, is arrived at Lisbon, in 26 Days Passage.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Ship Philadelphia, D. M'Cutchon, from New-Castle. Ship Esther, L. Weekes, Snow Britannia, R. Eyres, Snow Charming Rachel, T. Deane, and Ship Boyne, H. Dougherty, Lisbon. Ship Hope, J. Holland, New-York. Schooner Ranger, A. Mansfield, Salem. Brig Speedwell, J. Strickland, Liverpool. Brig Hibernia, N. Vallance, Surrinam. Brig St. James, J. Martin, Jamaica. Brig Tobago, J. Scott, Grenades.

Outwards. Brig Rachel, L. Simmons, for Barbados. Sloop Abigail, J. Anthony, and Sloop Molly, R. Lake, Rhode-Island. Sloop Sally, J. Blewer, S. Carolina. Ship Carolina, J. Friend, London. Brig Molly, J. Lockton, St. Kitts. Ship Industry, M. Miller, Jamaica. Snow Charming Rachel, T. Deane, Lisbon. Brig Hibernia, N. Vallance, Surrinam. Brig St. James, J. Martin, Jamaica. Brig Speedwell, J. Cox, Grenades.

Cleared. Ship Hayfield, W. Mackey, and Brig Morning Star, T. Callender, to Lisbon. Sloop Conway, A. Lowell, Piscataqua. Sloop Betsy, R. Savadge, New-Providence. Sloop Speedwell, J. Oliver, St. Eustatia. Sloop Adventure, J. Markham, Virginia. Brig Patty, J. Wilson, Cadiz. Schooner Hannah, J. Woods, Montserrat. Schooner Ruby, J. Backhouse, N. Carolina. Schooner Leopard, J. Greely, Quebec. Brig Patty, R. Hardie, Vigo. Schooner Elizabeth, C. Denniston, St. Vincents. Sloop Abigail, J. Anthony, Rhode-Island. Brig Molly, J. Lockton, and Sloop Sally, E. Doane, St. Kitts. Brig Prince of Wales, T. Mason, S. Carolina.

PRICE CURRENT *of the following Goods in* Philadelphia.

Flour 15s. 9d. Wheat 5s. 9d. Indian Corn 3s. 3d. Ship Bread 14s. Middling Ditto 22s. White Ditto 28s. Pipe Staves 9l. 10s. Barrel Ditto 3l. Hogshead Ditto 5l. 10s. Red Oak Ditto 4l. Beef 60s. Pork 95s. West-India Rum 3s. New-England Ditto 2s. Pennsylvania Ditto 2s. 1d. Madeira Wine 40 to 60l. Muscovado Sugar 40 to 60s. Melasses 20d. Pennsylvania Loaf Sugar 1s. Pitch 12s. Tar 10s. Turpentine 17s. 6d. Tobacco 15s. to 30s. Rice 18s. Lisbon Salt 20d. Bohea Tea 3s. 8d. to 3s. 9d. Hemp 5d. Cotton 16d. Bar Iron 24l. Pig Iron 8l. Mustard-seed 32s. a Bushel.

THIRTY SHILLINGS Reward.

STRAYED away from the Subscriber, living in Providence township, Philadelphia county, on the 10th of April last, an iron grey mare colt, 2 years old, paces and trots, was never branded, docked nor ear marked. Also a blackish horse colt, one year old, trots only, has no brand nor ear mark. Whoever secures them, so that the owner may have them again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

¶ ROWLAND EVANS.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Thursday, the 17th of August, at 6 o' clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-House, a certain two story brick messuage, brick kitchen, frame wash-house, and two lots or pieces of ground, situate in the city of Philadelphia; one of them containing in breadth 17 feet and a half, and in depth 162 feet 9 inches, bounded northward with Damaris Chick's lot, eastward with Second-street, southward with a 10 feet alley, and westward with the next described lot; the other of them containing in breadth, east and west, 60 feet, and in length 45 feet; bounded northward with Damaris Chick's lot, eastward partly by the aforesaid lot, partly by Edward Brooks's lot, and partly by the said 10 feet alley, southward with Timothy Stevenson's ground, and westward with John Wister's ground; late the estate of Thomas Brooks, deceased, and wife; seized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

N. B. The said lots have the privilege of the said 10 feet alley.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Friday, the 18th of August, at 6 o' clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-House, a certain lot of ground, situate on the east side of Water-street, between Race and Vine Streets, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth 30 feet, and in length or depth 101 feet, in the river Delaware; bounded northward by ground of Israel Pemberton, eastward by the said river, southward by ground of Bryan Wilkinson, and westward by Water-street aforesaid. There is a wharff the breadth of the lot, partly run out, a two story kitchen, 28 feet by 14, erected thereon, a good foundation for a front house, 17 feet by 34, and a space of 10 feet, between the kitchen and the house, where there is a well of good water; subject to the Proprietaries Thirds; late the estate of John Doyle, seized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Saturday, the 19th of August, at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-House, a certain lot of ground, situate on the east-side of King-street, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth on said street 16 feet, and extending from said street to low water mark in the river Delaware; bounded northward, by an alley leading down to the water; westward, by King-street aforesaid; southward, by a messuage and lot of Charles Massey; and eastward with the river Delaware; subject to the Proprietaries Thirds; late the estate of Thomas Massey, deceased; seized and taken in execution, by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Monday, the 21st of August, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the house of Archibald M'Clean, junior, in Upper Dublin township, a certain stone messuage, and tract of land, situate in Upper Dublin township aforesaid, containing about 10 acres and 115 perches; bounded by lands of Archibald M'Clean, junior, and others, and the great road leading from Philadelphia to North-Wales; late the estate of John Burk, James Burk, and Daniel Burk; seized and taken in execution, by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Tuesday, the 22d of August, at 2 o' clock in the afternoon, at the house of Philip Dotterer, in Limerick, a certain messuage, and tract of land, situate in the township of Hanover, containing 5 acres; bounded by lands of George Shinars, and Christopher Whitman: Also a certain other tract of land, situate in the same township, containing about 122 acres, 1 quarter, and 17 perches; bounded by lands of Jacob Higg, Samuel Musselman, Martin Orner, and George Bickley; late the estate of Moses Heyman, deceased; seized and taken in execution, by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on the premises, on Wednesday, the 23d day of August, at 2 o' clock in the afternoon, 2 tracts of land, lying and being in New-Providence township, 1 of them containing between 50 and 60 acres, with a stone dwelling-house and frame barn erected thereon; the other tract containing about 150 acres, with 1 stone, and 1 log dwelling-house, and 2 log stables erected thereon; bounded by lands of Benjamin Jacobs, James Hammer, and David Thomas, and by the river Schuylkill. At the same time will be sold some stock, and sundry implements of husbandry; the whole late the estate of John Hammer; seized and taken in execution, by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

Chester, July 31, 1769.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, on Saturday, the 19th day of August next, at 3 o' clock in the afternoon, on the premises, will be sold by vendue, a certain messuage or tenement, plantation and tract, or parcel of land thereunto belonging, containing 191 and a half acres, more or less, situate in the township of Radnor, in Chester county, bounded by Lancaster road, land of John Roberts, and others: Also at the same time and place will be sold, horses and cattle, household furniture, implements of husbandry, &c. all late the property of David Rees; seized in execution, and to be sold by

JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, on Monday, the 21st day of August next, at 4 o' clock in the afternoon, at the Blue Ball Tavern, in Lower Chichester, will be sold by vendue, one certain full equal undivided third part of two full and equal third parts of 16 acres of land, situate in the said township of Lower Chichester, opposite to said Ball Tavern; bounded by the King's road, and the road leading to Concord; late the estate of William M'Cay, deceased; seized in execution, and to be sold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, on Tuesday, the 22d of this instant August, on the premises, at four o'clock, will be sold by vendue, a certain messuage or tenement, and piece or parcel of land thereunto belonging, containing 32 acres and 3 quarters of an acre, situate in the township of East-Nottingham, in the county of Chester; bounded by lands of Walter Hood, Hugh Thomson, and the Lime-stone Road; late the estate of John Loughridge deceased, seized in execution, and to be sold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

Bucks County, August 1, 1769.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the dwelling-house of Alexander Brown, inn-keeper, in Buckingham, on the 26th instant, Three contiguous tracts, or parcels of land, situate in the township of New-Britain, in the county of Bucks, containing in the whole about 122 acres and a half; bounded by lands of Edward Doyle, the elder, William Doyle, James Evans, and Nathan Preston; having thereon a stone house, barn, and an orchard; late the property of Edward Doyle, seized in execution, and to be sold by

JOSEPH ELLICOTT, *Sheriff.*

ROBERT LEVERS,

At the corner of Smith's Alley, opposite the Three Tun Tavern, in Chestnut-street,

HAS for sale, at the lowest prices, for ready money, a neat assortment of GROCERY, viz. Fine hyson, green, and bohea teas, double and single refined loaf sugar, muscovado and lump ditto, melasses, coffee, chocolate, raisins, figs, prunes, rice, pepper, ginger, nutmegs, cloves, mace, cinnamon, &c. &c. &c, Likewise fine old Madeira wine, common ditto, Lisbon, and other wines; choice old Jamaica spirits, brandy, Geneva, West-India, and Philadelphia rum; with a variety of other articles. Those who shall favour him with their custom, may depend on being constantly supplied, for sea stores, or otherwise, in small or greater quantities, with the best in kind, and at the cheapest rates.

He continues to draw deeds, mortgages, bonds, wills, &c. with accuracy, secrecy and dispatch. §5 Tbc,

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To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

On Friday, the Eleventh Day of this instant August,

A SMALL PLANTATION, in Lower Dublin township, 10 miles from Philadelphia, on the road leading from thence to Corryell's Ferry, formerly known by the name of Wood's Tavern, very agreeably situated, containing 27 acres, with a good frame dwelling-house, and stone kitchen, with a good well of water at the door, an extraordinary frame barn, stone stables and shed, with several other conveniences; a valuable orchard, containing fruits of several kinds; and good garden, all in good repair. Said house is suitable either for a Gentleman's country seat, or any public business. The sale to be on the premises, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, where the conditions of sale will be made known, by

JOHN HALL. ‡

JOCKEY CLUB.

AS Monday, the 25th of September, is the Day appointed for the Meeting of a religious Society in this City, the Members of the Club, at their last Meeting, agreed that the RACES, already advertised, shall not begin on that Day; but that their Purse of ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, free for any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, carrying Weight for Age, the best of the 4 Mile Heats, shall be run for on Thursday, the 28th Day of September next; and that the FIFTY POUNDS, free for 3 Year old Colts only, the best of the 2 Mile Heats, shall be run for on the Day following.

ALL persons indebted to the late partnership of SMITH and DEAN, are once more desired to make immediate payment to Benjamin Dean, in whose hands the Books, bonds and notes are; otherwise he will be under the disagreeable necessity of putting those accounts that remain unpaid the first of September next, into the hands of some person, to be recovered by law.

All persons who have any demands against said partnership, are requested to bring in their accounts immediately to

BENJAMIN DEAN.

Said Dean has now on hand a general assortment of dry goods, imported in the last vessels from Europe, which he will sell, wholesale and retail, remarkably low for cash.

Philadelphia, August 1, 1769.

RUN away from the Subscriber, an Irish servant man, named JOHN CLARK, by trade a skinner, he is about 18 years of age, a stout well grown fellow, with long black hair, stoops a little in his walk; had on, when he went away, a mouse coloured cloth coat and jacket, and a blue and white striped linen jacket, buckskin breeches, brown worsted stockings, and old shoes. Whoever takes up said servant, shall have Thirty Shillings reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by NATHAN COOK.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

On Wednesday, the 16th day of August instant, at the London Coffee-House, at 7 o' clock in the evening,

TWO LOTS of GROUND, situate on the south side of Arch-street, between Seventh and Eighth-streets, containing in breadth 18 feet, and in depth 157 feet; bounded eastward with land of Joseph Rakestraw, southward by land of Daniel Topham, and westward with land of John Pemberton, and northward with said Arch-street; whereon are erected two brick houses, part finished, 18 feet by 20, two story high, with an alley, 3 feet 6 inches wide, between them, and each lot is subject to a groundrent of £4:1:0 per annum.

† JOSEPH OGILBY.

TO BE SOLD,

A LIKELY hearty Mulattoe GIRL, fit for town or country business; she is about 14 years of age, and has 11 years to serve, she has had both the small-pox and measels, and is sold for want of employment; there are but few girls of her age that are handier, in doing almost any kind of work, than she is. Enquire of the PRINTERS. ¶

Lower Merion, August 1, 1769.

To be SOLD, at public VENDUE,

On Tuesday, the 22d instant, at 4 o' clock in the afternoon, on the premises,

THE messuage and plantation, formerly of Mr. Daniel Biles, deceased, situate in Merion, 7 miles from Philadelphia, containing 217 acres of land; its site being, for health and prospect, as agreeable as any place in the county; the soil good, and well watered, a sufficient quantity of woodland, 14 acres of mowable meadow, and good conveniency of making and watering several acres more, a large and good orchard of the best fruit, as apples, pears, peaches, cherries, &c. a large commodious stone dwelling-house, and kitchen, with a good well of water adjoining thereto; a large frame barn, barracks, and convenient well built stone sheds for cattle, a good stone spring-house, over a never-failing spring of water, with many other conveniencies, suitable for a gentleman or farmer. A draft thereof may be seen at the London Coffee-House, or on the premises, which will be shewn to any persons inclined to view the same before the day of sale. The conditions whereof will be made known, and an indisputable title made to the purchaser, by JANET, WILLIAM, and JOHN ADDUDDIE, executors of William Adduddle, deceased.

N. B. My claim to part of the above premises, advertised in the *Chronicle* of the 19th of last June, is since satisfied for, and I have, or shall before the sale, absolutely and fully, for myself, and heirs, release the same to the executors aboveaid.

¶ JOHN ROBERTS, Surveyor.

CAME into Mr. James Mather's Yard, at Chester, the First of July, a dark brown HORSE, about 14 Hands and a Half high, with a small Blaze down his Face, a natural Pacer, shod all round, and had a Navel-Gall. Whoever will come and prove their Property, and pay Charges, may have him again. JAMES MATHER. ‡

STOLEN, from the Subscriber, between Callowhill-street and the Barracks, on Wednesday night, the 26th of July, a sorrel MARE, with a bald face, between 13 and 14 hands high, her near hind foot is white, and has a lump on the near fore foot, occasioned by the hopples, she paces and trots, and has a likely sucking mare colt, foaled last spring, with a bald face, and near the same colour as the mare, the two hind feet white pretty high up. The thief supposed to be one John Hollis, 5 feet 6 inches high, has a redish face, and wears a tail wig of redish hair, and a jacket commonly without sleeves, of a lightish colour, linen breeches, and a light coloured coat, has check linen leggings on, pretends to be a tinker and pewterer, and can talk several languages. Whoever takes up and secures the said mare and colt, so that the owner may have them again, shall receive Five Dollars reward for both, and for the thief Twenty Shillings, and all reasonable charges, paid by ADAM STRICKER, living in Second-street, near Vine-street, Philadelphia. ¶

STOLEN from Carlisle, the 21st of June last, an iron-grey GELDING, about 15 hands high, 5 years old, a short switch tail, trimmed mane and footlocks, shod before, natural pacer, neither brand nor ear-mark, his fore pasterns bare in spots, having had the scratches badly. It is supposed he has taken up Susquehanna, to the New Purchase. Whoever takes up and secures said horse and thief, so that he may be brought to justice, and the owner get his horse, shall have Three Pounds reward for both, or Twenty Shillings for the horse only, and reasonable charges, if delivered to WILLIAM BLAIR, in Carlisle, or the Subscriber, living in Pequea, Lancaster county. † WILLIAM COWAN.

*** To be sold by D. HALL, The NORTH-BRITON, from Number I. to Number LXXXI.

To be SOLD by
BENJAMIN MECOM,
In Church-Alley, Philadelphia;
Three POLITICAL PAMPHLETS (Price *Three Shillings*) viz.

I. A LETTER addreſſed to TWO GREAT MEN. Who was the compoſitor of this very reputable pamphlet, is perhaps abſolutely uncertain with every body, but the excellent author of it. He ſays, "I am an anonymous writer, and hope never to be known." The two great men are ſuppoſed to be the Duke of Newcaſtle and Mr. Pitt.

II. Remarks on the Letter addreſſed to Two Great Men.

III. The intereſt of Great-Britain conſidered, with regard to her colonies; to which are added,

1. Obſervations concerning the increaſe of mankind, peopling of countries, &c. written by Doctor FRANKLIN: Alſo,

2. Select Sentiments, extracted from the Hiſtorical Review of the Conſtitution and Government of Pennſylvania; aſcribed to Doctor FRANKLIN. Together with,

3. A Letter from a meeting of the brethren called Quakers, concerning the German war.

In this pamphlet, and the additions thereto, a number of truths are communicated, which will, at all times, be intereſting to merchants, traders, landholders, or adventurers in land, &c. It is recommended in the Gentleman's Magazine, and Monthly Review, as follow,

1. "*The pamphlet ſeems to be written with great force of argument, and complete knowledge of the ſubject.*" *Gent. Mag.*

2. "*The author of the pamphlet before us, which is penned with great good ſenſe and moderation, is a very maſterly writer.*" *Mon. Rev.*

TO BE SOLD,
By MARY HARRISON, Attorney of JOHN KEEGAN, of Dublin, in Ireland, Heir at Law of John Keegan, late of this City, deceaſed,

A BRICK HOUSE, two Stories high, and the Lot of Ground on which it ſtands, on the North Side of Morris's Alley, between Cheſtnut and Walnut Streets, the third Door from Second-ſtreet, now in the Tenure of John Sitch, and rents for 20l. per Ann. The Houſe is 20 Feet in Front, including a 4 Feet Alley, and 16 Feet deep. The Lot extends 34 Feet Northward, 20 Feet broad, and 12 Feet further Northward, 4 Feet broad; bounded Eaſtward and Northward with a Lot of Richard Merion, Weſtward with a Houſe and Lot of Sarah Kirl.

If it is not ſold before the 10th of this inſt. Auguſt, it will be expoſed to Sale by public Vendue, at the London Coffee-Houſe. §

Philadelphia, Auguſt 3, 1769.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, on Sunday, the 16th of July laſt, two indented ſervants, viz.

JAMES SAMUEL GORDON, by trade a jeweller, was born in Scotland, but went to England with his parents when a child, ſo that he retains nothing of the Scots dialect; he has been long in France, the language of which country he ſpeaks well; he ſays he is about 24 years old; he is a ſmall neat man; about 5 feet 1 inch high, ſmall lively black eyes, ſmooth face, and freſh coloured; had on, and took with him, a good coat, jacket and breeches, of ſuperfine laylock coloured cloth, beſides a ſtriped damaſcus jacket, lapelled; the coat is rather large for him than otherwiſe, and is trimmed with 4 buttons on each pocket flap, 4 on each hip, and 4 on each ſleeve, wears a half-worn caſtor hat, lately dreſſed, and cocked ſmart, wears his own ſhort black hair, but ſometimes a falſe tail, which he has now taken with him, a white ſhirt, the ſleeves finer than the body, a white cravat, brown thread ſtockings, a pair of half-worn turned pumps, with plain Pinchbeck buckles.

The other named JAMES LOGAN, a well ſet boy, about 16 years of age, was born in the North of Ireland; is fond of liquor and dancing, very talkative, has a ſour down look, and is exceedingly impudent, wears his own ſhort ill grown hair, of a yelloviſh colour, ſometimes tied, and ſometimes looſe; had on, when he went off, a caſtor hat, much worn, but lately dreſſed, and cocked ſmart, the one which he wears foremoſt is remarkably broad, a ſnuff-coloured cloth coat, with yellow metal buttons, a white linen jacket, leather breeches, a check ſhirt, blue and white cotton ſtockings, half-worn ſhoes, and a pair of carved Pinchbeck buckles; he has worked ſome time at the ſilverſmith's buſineſs, and will, no doubt, look for employment at ſaid buſineſs, though no wiſe qualified for it.

Whoever takes up the above two ſervants, and ſecures them in any goal, ſo as I may have them again, ſhall receive as a reward the ſum of FORTY SHILLINGS for each, beſides reaſonable charges, paid by EDMUND MILNE.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels are hereby forbidden to take the above ſervants off, at their peril.

July 22, 1769.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, living at Rock-creek, York county, a ſervant man, named John M'Guigan, about five feet five inches high, wears his own long black hair, is about 18 years of age, has a mark above one of his eye-brows; had on, when he went away, a hemp linen ſhirt and trowſers, an old felt hat, with white loops and button, a blue broadcloth jacket, half worn, without ſleeves, a ſilk handkerchief, ſtriped yellow, but had no ſhoes. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any goal, ſo as the owner may have him again, ſhall have Twenty Shillings reward, if taken in the county, and Forty if taken in any other county, and reaſonable charges, paid by me WILLIAM SCOTT. ‖

RUN away from the Subſcriber, living in Kent county, Maryland, on the 16th of July, 1769, an Iriſh ſervant woman, named MARY BRYAN (but may change her name to Howard, as ſhe has done before, or to any other ſirname) ſhe is a middle-ſized woman, but ſlender, brown hair, her eyes look rediſh and tender; had on, when ſhe went away, a country lincy petticoat, ſtriped black, blue and white, a lincy jacket, ſtriped blue and white, a country linen ſhift, and has another with her of the ſame linen, a white linen bonnet, but no ſhoes, or ſtockings, that I know of. Whoever ſecures the ſaid ſervant in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo as her maſter may have her again, or brings her to him, ſhall have Twenty Shillings reward, if taken up out of the province, and all reaſonable charges, paid by GEORGE LITTELL. §

RUN away from the Subſcriber, the 21ſt day of June laſt, a ſervant lad, named SAMUEL KENNING, about 18 or 19 years of age, of a ſandy fair complexion, a ſhoemaker by trade; had on, when he went away, a pair of ſhoes, with yellow buckles, ozenbrigs trowſers, a country linen ſhirt, and a new felt hat, the edge of the crown rat-eaten; he carried away with him, an old brown jacket. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant lad, and brings him home to his maſter, living between Tuckahoe and Choptank bridges, in Queen-Anne's county, Maryland, or ſecures him, ſo as his maſter may get him again, ſhall have Fifty Shillings reward, paid by

¶ EZEKIEL HUNTER.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, living in Weſt-Nantmell, Cheſter county, on the 14th of July laſt, a Scotch ſervant lad, named Ferdinand Cannady, 18 or 19 years of age, ſhort, and well ſet, black hair and complexion; had on, a half worn white ſhirt, ragged tow trowſers, good felt hat, and ſhoes newly ſoaled; it is ſuppoſed he will endeavour to ſteal ſome cloathing, to change his dreſs. Whoever ſecures ſaid lad, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive Thirty Shillings reward, from WILLIAM TREAGO. ¶

To be LETT for a term of years, and may be entered on the 15th day of October next,

THAT well accuſtomed TAVERN and lot of ground, ſituated in the Borough of Lancaſter, in King-ſtreet, near the Court-Houſe, late the property of Frederick Yeiſer, deceaſed, and now in the poſſeſſion of Adam Reigart, the ſubſcriber hereof, with about 16 acres of good land, and a good fence around the ſame, adjoining to the ſouthward of ſaid Borough; it is a commodious large ſtone meſſuage or tenement, with a two ſtory ſtone kitchen, ſtabling, ſheds, &c. fit for accommodating gentlemen travellers; it has been made uſe of for a tavern ever ſince it was built. For conditions, and further particulars, enquire of ADAM REIGART, or MICHAEL HUBLEY, in ſaid Borough. ‡

RUN away, the 18th of July laſt, from the Subſcriber, near the Head of Elk, two ſervant men, one named William Evans, an Engliſhman, about 20 years of age, 5 feet 9 inches high, of a dark complexion, ſlim made, wears his own ſhort black hair; had on, when he went away, a narrow brimmed wool hat, bound round with yellow binding, a double breaſted ſtriped jacket, the ſtripes acroſs, coarſe ſhirt and trowſers, half-worn ſhoes, with buckles. The other named Thomas Mecan, an Iriſhman, about 17 years of age, 5 feet high, wears his own ſhort dark brown hair; had on, when he went away, an old wool hat, coarſe ſhirt and trowſers, middling good ſhoes, tied with ſtrings. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervants, and ſecures them, ſo as their maſter may get them again, ſhall have Three Pounds reward, or Thirty Shillings for either, paid by

§ ROBERT EVANS.

RUN away, on the 24th of July laſt, from John Steelman, of Great Egg Harbour, two ſervant men, one named Abſalom Barrett, this country born, about 5 feet 6 inches high, bluiſh eyes, and black hair, about 18 years of age, has a mole on his left cheek, and warts on his right hand; had on, and took with him, a ratteen jacket, without buttons, a white demity ditto, tore between the ſhoulders, two pair of homeſpun trowſers, and two ſhirts of the ſame. The other an Iriſhman, named John Meagher, about 5 feet 5 inches high, has black hair, which he wears clubbed; had on, when he went away, a tight coat, with a collar round it, of a dark colour, a red jacket, without ſleeves, black breeches, and half-worn ſhoes, with braſs buckles. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervants, and ſecures them in any goal, ſo that their maſter may have them again, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me JOHN STEELMAN.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, living in Trenton, Weſt-Jerſey, on the 23d day of July laſt, in the evening, an Iriſh ſervant lad, named Michael Brady, about 19 years of age, about 5 feet 4 inches high, well ſet, very thick legs, knock kneed, fair complexion, full grey eyes, and lightiſh hair; had on, and took with him, a brown thickſet fuſtian coat, green jacket, with metal buttons, thread ſtockings, old pumps, with long quarters, and metal buckles, ozenbrigs ſhirt and trowſers, nankeen breeches, and a beaver hat; is a ſhoemaker by trade, and pretends to the ſtuff work. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant lad, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have FOUR POUNDS, and reaſonable charges, paid by

§ WILLIAM TUCKER.

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, living in Oxford townſhip, Cheſter county, a ſervant lad, named William Ralſton, about 19 years of age, about 5 feet 4 inches high, came from Ireland about 3 years ago, no doubt he will pretend to be a blackſmith, as he has been ſome time at the trade; had on, when he went away, a new brown coat, with flat metal buttons, new ſhoes, new coarſe ſhirt, petticoat trowſers, an old felt hat, a ſtriped ſilk handkerchief, and a fine ſhirt, marked on the breaſt with S. S. he is very talkative, and will ſwear and lie. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and brings him home, or ſecures him in any goal, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me THOMAS WHITE. §

STOLEN out of the paſture of the Subſcriber, living in Brandywine Hundred, New-Caſtle County, on the 20th of July, at night, a bay horſe, 15 hands high, paces and trots, goes very wide behind, has a ſaddle mark on his back, about 9 years old; alſo, the ſame night, an old ſaddle was ſtolen from the dwelling-houſe, with a leather girth and leather houſings; and an old bridle. They are ſuppoſed to be ſtolen by a man, about 5 feet 10 inches high, with red hair, who was reaping that day for the Subſcriber, and has ſince left the parts. Whoever takes up and ſecures the horſe and thief, ſo as he be brought to juſtice, and the owner gets his horſe again, ſhall have Three Pounds reward for both, or Forty Shillings for the horſe, and reaſonable charges, paid by STOFEL GUN. §

CAME to the plantation of the Subſcriber, living in Buckingham townſhip, Bucks county, the beginning of July, a bay MARE, between 13 and 14 hands high, branded W, on the near thigh. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay the charges, and take her away.

§ ANTHONY BEWLEY.

STRAYED, in June laſt, from the Subſcriber, living in Lampeter townſhip, Lancaſter county, a Mare Colt, with a white Tail, about two years old, has a ſtar and ſnip on her forehead, is branded on the near ſhoulder P. B. Whoever takes up the ſaid colt, and brings her to the owner, ſhall have Thirty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me

¶ PHILIP BUSHING.

FIFTEEN CROWNS Reward.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, living in Lancaſter, an Iriſh ſervant woman, about 20 years of age, is ſhort and thick, has black hair, freſh complexion, and a mark or ſcar between her ſhoulders, and in every thing agrees with the deſcription given of Abraham Emmit's ſervant, in June laſt, in the public papers; ſhe lived ſome time with Mr. Joſeph Yeates, at the ſign of the 3 Tons in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, Philadelphia, and probably is gone that way. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo as her maſter may have her again, ſhall have the above reward, paid by

July 21, 1769. † ROGER CONNOR.

Trediffryn, Cheſter County, July 4, 1769.

RUN away this day, at noon, an Engliſh ſervant man, who goes by the name of JOHN TREEBALL, *ſays he was brought up to farming, and afterwards learnt the trade of a maſon; that he is 36 years of age, but appears to be older; of a pale complexion, about 5 feet 6 inches high, has black hair, his noſe crooked; had on a ſtriped linen jacket, a pair of check trowſers, and one pair he took with him, the ſeat of which was daubed with tar, good double ſoaled ſhoes, and may have ſundry other things with him; he talks broad Engliſh, came in laſt fall, in a veſſel to James and Drinker. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall have SIX DOLLARS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by* JOSEPH MITCHELL, *in Blockley.* ‡

TO BE SOLD,
A Likely, healthy young Negroe BOY, 19 years of age, has had the ſmall-pox and meazels. Enquire of John Hall, cooper in Water-ſtreet, between Race and Vine-ſtreets, Philadelphia. ‡

N. B. Said boy would ſuit a miller well, he being an excellent cooper, and bred to the buſineſs ſince he was 11 years of age.

TO be SOLD, or LETT, by William Moore, and may be entered on the 25th day of March next, The noted INN and TAVERN (the Sign of the Bull) at which Thomas Ives now lives, ſituate in Charles-Town townſhip, Cheſter county. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, or rent the ſame, may have with it any quantity of land, from 100 to 500 acres, of an excellent quality, with a large front on the river Schuylkill. The many advantages attending this fine farm and tavern, will be ſhewn to ſuch as apply to the owner, living near the premiſes. ‖ 4 W. WILLIAM MOORE.

Cheſter, June 29, 1769.

PURSUANT to an Order of the Orphan's Court for Cheſter County, on Tueſday, the 8th Day of Auguſt next, at Two o'Clock in the Afternoon, will be expoſed to Sale, by public Vendue, on the Premiſes, a certain Meſſuage or Tenement, Plantation and Tract of Land, ſituate, lying and being in New-London Townſhip, in the ſaid County of Cheſter, containining 122 Acres and an Half, beſides the uſual Allowance for Roads, adjoining Lands of Moſes Crow, William Clinton, Robert Giffin, John Robinſon, Francis Thompſon, and Thomas Paten; late the Eſtate of John Montgomery, deceaſed. Attendance will be given by

§ JOSEPH CAUFFMAN, Adminiſtrator.

BY Virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Expons, to me directed, will be ſold by public Sale, at 2 o'Clock, upon Thurſday, the 17th Day of Auguſt inſt. at the Court-Houſe, in the Town of New-Caſtle, a certain Frame Meſſuage, and Lot of Ground, with the Appurtenances, ſituate at Chriſtiana Bridge, in White-clay Creek Hundred, on the North-eaſt Side of the main Street, convenient for a Store; taken in Execution as the Eſtate of Thomas Wade, by JOHN THOMPSON, Sheriff. ¶

Province of New-Jerſey, ſs. July 3, 1769.

WHEREAS a number of the inhabitants of Newton, in the County of Glouceſter, intend to petition the General Aſſembly of the ſaid province, at their next Seſſions, for a law of the ſaid province for ſtopping the tide out of Newton-Creek, by a dam to be erected acroſs the ſaid creek, from Nathan Albertſon's landing, on the ſoutherly ſide, to Benjamin Thackray's landing, on the northwardly ſide of ſaid Creek. If therefore any of the owners of marſh or meadows on the ſaid creek, between the ſaid Nathan Albertſon's landing, and a certain dam acroſs the ſame creek, known by the name of Graiſbury's dam, have any objection to the aforeſaid, they are deſired to take notice accordingly. ¶ Tbc6w.

To be SOLD to the higheſt Bidder,
At the Town of Dumfries, in Virginia, on Monday, the Fourth of September next,

FOUR Hundred and Seventy Acres of LAND, lately the Property of Colonel HENRY PEYTON, *on which is a valuable Griſt-Mill. A ſhort Credit will be given the Purchaſers, entering into Bond and Security, payable to* CUTHBERT BULLETT.

TO BE HIRED,
A STOUT hearty NEGROE MAN, named Dick, that has been brought up in a forge for making bar iron, and has always been uſed to work at a finery, is an extraordinary workman, and can be recommended by Meſſieurs Morris, Shreltee, and Company, at whoſe forge he has worked ſeveral years paſt, and from whoſe ſervice he is diſcharged only on account of their declining working their forge. For terms apply to LODWICK SPROGELL, in Water-ſtreet, a little above Meſſieurs James and Drinker's. §

TO BE SOLD,
A SERVANT GIRL's TIME, about 18 years old; ſhe can waſh, iron and ſpin, is a very good quilter, and can be well recommended for her honeſty. Enquire of the *Printers.* ‡

Philadelphia, July 24, 1769.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward,
RUN away laſt Sunday night, two ſervant BOYS, from the ſubſcribers, living in Philadelphia; one named WILLIAM QUIRK (alias M'QUIRK) of a ſmall viſage, ſmooth face, light coloured hair, which he commonly ties with a ſtring: Had with him when he went away, a bearſkin jacket, a black ſhag ditto, in the fore parts, a fine white ſhirt, a check ditto, a blue worſted pluſh pair of breeches, a pair of thread ſtockings, and a pair of ribbed yarn ditto. The other named JOHN DILLYWY, a pale faced fellow, pitted with the ſmall pox, his head lately ſhaved, and wears a wig: Had with him when he went away, a blue jacket, a ſtriped ditto, without ſleeves, a coarſe white ſhirt, a pair of blue and white ſtriped breeches, and a pair of coarſe trowſers. Whoever ſecures the ſaid ſervants, ſo that their maſters may have them again, ſhall have the above reward, or *Thirty Shillings* for either of them, and all reaſonable Charges, paid by

PETER SUTTER, and DAVID CUMING.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry them off at their peril. They lately arrived from Waterford, in the brig Swallow, James Bruce, maſter. §

To be SOLD by
GEORGE ROCK,
At North-East, near Charles-Town, in Maryland, wholeſale or retail, for ready money,

A CHOICE aſſortment of flannels, Welſh cottons, Iriſh linens; nails of all ſorts, great variety of maſons, carpenters, joiners and cabinet working tools, locks, door latches, hinges of all ſorts, gun locks, ſpring bolts, gimblets, braſs cabinet furniture, gilt buttons, buckles of various ſorts, ſleeve buttons, ſtuds, croſs-cut ſaws, pit ſaws, and hand ſaws, frying pans, guns, ſadlers tacks, files of all ſorts, and raſps, ſhoemakers hammers, round bolts, planes of all ſorts, wrought iron tea-kettles, horn buttons, ſtaples for locks, coffee mills, malt mills, ſteelyards, braſs and iron candleſticks, japanned wares, watch chains, ſnuff boxes. ¶

TWENTY DOLLARS Reward.
RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Kent county, Maryland, the 26th ult. two convict ſervant men; the one named Michael Hayne, a taylor by trade, and a German born, about 32 years of age, ſlim made, thin viſage, dark complexion, black hair, has an old ſore on his head, a little above his temple; he is about 5 feet 7 inches high, and ſo much like a French Neutral, that he may well paſs for one; had on, and took with him, a blue broadcloth ſurtout coat, with mohair buttons, lapelled jacket, ſtriped red and white, half grogram, a pair of dark coloured broadcloth breeches, a good pair of ſhoes, grain outward, and many other things, ſuch as trowſers, ſhirts, handkerchiefs, and a good caſtor hat, with ſilk loops; the other named Nathaniel Powell, born in England, talks much on the weſt country dialect, about 30 years of age, ſlim made, thin viſage, dark complexion, black buſhy curled hair, and grows more than common down his face; he carried with him a blue broadcloth coat, with a ſmall cape, and mohair buttons, a pair of ſnuff coloured breeches, half worn, but they have many other things wth them; and as both are cunning crafty fellows, and the taylor can write, they may forge a paſs, and change their names and dreſs. Whoever ſecures the ſaid ſervants, if out of the province, and brought home, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges paid, or Ten Dollars for each or either of them; if ſecured in goal, and ſpeedy notice given, Six Dollars for each, or Twelve Dollars for both; if taken within the province, and brought home, Ten Dollars for each or either of them; if ſecured in priſon, and ſpeedy notice given, Five Dollars for either or each of them, paid by R. GRESHAM. tf.

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